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Sec. 3. Expenses of the committee under this resolution, which shall not exceed \$83,000 in addition to any other unobligated balance of funds made available pursuant to S. Res. 25, 83d Congress, 1st session, agreed to on June 8, 1953, shall be paid from the contingent funds of the Senate upon vouchers approved by the chairman of the committee.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the amendment.

Mr. ELLENDER. In this case, as I pointed out a moment ago, the amount of money appropriated last year for this committee aggregated \$67,000, and just about half that amount of money was spent. However, the resolution calls for \$116,480. I am wondering what is the reason for the increase. I do not believe justification has been shown for the increase.

Mr. CAPEHART. The original request was for \$150,000 for 2 years. The Committee on Rules and Administration said, "We would like to cut it down to 1 year at a time." Therefore, they have reduced the amount to \$67,500. We are asking that the sum be brought up to the original amount requested.

Mr. ELLENDER. In other words, \$67,000?

Mr. CAPEHART. No; up to \$150,000.

Mr. MAYBANK. The committee did not work on the subject during all of last year. We started work on the resolution concerning the International Bank and the Export-Import Bank this week. However, last year, if my memory serves me right, we did not start on the work until June.

Mr. CAPEHART. May 15. We dropped out about a half a year. Mr. President, do you know what I believe we ought to do? In the case of the Export-Import Bank and the International Bank, instead of the amount being \$150,000, it should be \$1,500,000. I would send a group of experts to do a real job of checking into the affairs of the banks. That is what General Motors would do, and that is what Chrysler or any other corporation would do. They would go check exactly what was going on, and they would know what was going on. They would have a staff available to them that understood what was going on, and understood figures and understood balance sheets. They would go all over the world and find out what was going on. It is the responsibility of the Senate to know exactly what is going on. What we ought to do, Mr. President, is to appropriate more money, so that the committee could have a much larger staff to do its work.

Mr. ELLENDER. Inasmuch as the RECORD shows that the Senate provided \$67,000 for this operation last year, I move that the amount be reduced to \$67,000.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the motion of the Senator from Louisiana.

The motion was rejected.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the amendment.

The amendment was agreed to.

The resolution, as amended, was agreed to.

ADDITIONAL PERSONNEL AND FUNDS FOR THE COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS

Mr. KNOWLAND. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the consideration of Senate Resolution 184.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will state the resolution by title for the information of the Senate.

The CHIEF CLERK. A resolution (S. Res. 194) providing for additional personnel and funds for the Committee on Government Operations.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the present consideration of the resolution?

Mr. JENNER. Mr. President, the Senator from Maine [Mrs. SMITH] is not in the Chamber. Last year she asked for \$10,000. She is the chairman of the Subcommittee on the Reorganization Act, and so forth.

Last year, by the use of the staff—as the distinguished Senator from Louisiana has stated should be done more often—she was able to keep the expenditures of the subcommittee down to a few dollars. As a matter of fact, I believe the amount was not more than a hundred-and-some-odd dollars. She comes to the Senate with the explanation that she did not know what she would have to do this year, but she would like to hold the money in reserve. She stated that she would use the staff wherever she could, unless some emergency arose, but would like to have this amount of money available in order to discharge the duties assigned to the subcommittee by the Senate.

Mr. ELLENDER. Is this a reappropriation of money which was appropriated last year and the year before?

Mr. JENNER. It is. She used one hundred-and-some-odd dollars.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the present consideration of the resolution?

There being no objection, the resolution (S. Res. 184) providing for additional personnel and funds for the Committee on Government Operations, which had been reported from the Committee on Government Operations, and subsequently reported from the Committee on Rules and Administration, was considered and agreed to, as follows:

Resolved, That in holding hearings, reporting such hearings, and making investigations as authorized by subsections (g) (1) (B) and (2) (C) of rule XXV of the Standing Rules of the Senate, the Committee on Government Operations, or any duly authorized subcommittee thereof, is authorized during the period beginning on February 1, 1954, and ending on January 31, 1955, to make such expenditures, and to employ upon a temporary basis such investigators, and such technical, clerical, and other assistants, as it deems advisable.

Sec. 2. The expenses of the committee under this resolution, which shall not exceed the unexpended balance of the amount authorized under Senate Resolution 56, 83d Congress, 1st session, agreed to on February 20, 1953, shall be paid from the contingent fund of the Senate upon vouchers approved by the chairman of the committee or subcommittee, as the case may be.

EXPENDITURES FOR HEARINGS AND INVESTIGATIONS OF THE COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES

Mr. KNOWLAND. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent for the present consideration of Senate Resolution 185.

There being no objection the Senate proceeded to consider the resolution (S. Res. 185) authorizing expenditures for hearings and investigations by the Committee on Armed Services which had been reported from the Committee on Armed Services without amendment, and subsequently reported from the Committee on Rules and Administration with an amendment, on page 10, line 10, after the word "exceed", to strike out "\$190,000" and insert "\$150,000", so as to make the resolution read:

Resolved, That in carrying out the duties imposed upon it by section 136 of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946 (Public Law 601, 79th Cong.), the Committee on Armed Services or any duly authorized subcommittee thereof is authorized during the period ending January 31, 1955, to make such expenditures, and to employ upon a temporary basis such investigators, technical clerical, and other assistants as it deems advisable.

Sec. 2. The expenses of the committee under this resolution shall not exceed \$150,000 for the period beginning February 1, 1954, through January 31, 1955, and shall be paid from the contingent fund of the Senate upon vouchers approved by the chairman of the committee.

The amendment was agreed to.

The resolution, as amended, was agreed to.

ADDITIONAL CLERICAL ASSISTANTS FOR COMMITTEE ON LABOR AND PUBLIC WELFARE

Mr. KNOWLAND. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the consideration of Senate Resolution 186.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will state the resolution, by title, for the information of the Senate.

The CHIEF CLERK. A resolution (S. Res. 186) authorizing the employment of additional clerical assistants by the Committee on Labor and Public Welfare.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the present consideration of the resolution?

Mr. ELLENDER. Mr. President, as I understand, the hiring of the 4 clerks as requested will do away with the necessity for appropriating the usual amount provided in the past, namely, \$280,000. Is that correct?

Mr. SMITH of New Jersey. It will amount to approximately \$21,000. There is no additional amount involved.

Mr. ELLENDER. In its operation last year the committee's expenditures were reduced, as I remember, by \$280,000. Is that correct?

Mr. SMITH of New Jersey. The Senator from Louisiana is correct. We have taken out all of the fancy subcommittees, and we are doing the work as quickly as we can.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the present consideration of the resolution?

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the resolution (S. Res. 186) authorizing the employment of additional clerical assistants by the Committee on Labor and Public Welfare which had been reported from the Committee on Labor and Public Welfare without amendment, and subsequently reported from the Committee on Rules and Administration with an amendment, in line 2, after the word "authorized" to strike out "until" and insert "from February 1, 1954, through", so as to make the resolution read:

Resolved, That the Committee on Labor and Public Welfare is authorized, from February 1, 1954, through January 31, 1955, to employ four additional clerical assistants to be paid from the contingent fund of the Senate at rates of compensation to be fixed by the chairman in accordance with section 202 (c), as amended, of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946 and the provisions of Public Law 4, 80th Congress, approved February 19, 1947, as amended.

The amendment was agreed to.

The resolution, as amended, was agreed to.

INCREASE IN LIMIT OF EXPENDITURES OF COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY

Mr. KNOWLAND. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the consideration of Senate Resolution 187.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The resolution will be stated, by title, for the information of the Senate.

The CHIEF CLERK. A resolution (S. Res. 187) increasing the limit of expenditures by the Committee on the Judiciary.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the present consideration of the resolution?

There being no objection, the resolution (S. Res. 187) increasing the limit of expenditures by the Committee on the Judiciary was reported from the Committee on the Judiciary, and subsequently reported from the Committee on Rules and Administration, was considered and agreed to, as follows:

Resolved, That in holding hearings, reporting such hearings, and making investigations as authorized by subsection (k) (6) of rule XXV of the Standing Rules of the Senate, or by section 134 (a) of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946, the Committee on the Judiciary, or the standing Subcommittee on National Penitentiaries, is authorized during the period beginning on February 1, 1954, and ending on January 31, 1955, to make such expenditures, and to employ upon a temporary basis such investigators, and such technical, clerical, and other assistants, as it deems advisable.

Sec. 2. The expenses of the committee under this resolution, which shall not exceed \$5,000, shall be paid from the contingent fund of the Senate upon vouchers approved by the chairman of the committee.

INVESTIGATION OF PROBLEMS CONNECTED WITH EMIGRATION OF REFUGEES FROM WESTERN EUROPE

Mr. KNOWLAND. Mr. President, I ask that the Senate proceed to the consideration of Calendar No. 869, Senate Resolution 188.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will state the resolution by title.

The CHIEF CLERK. A resolution (S. Res. 188) further extending the authority to investigate problems connected with emigration of refugees from Western European nations.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the consideration of the resolution?

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the resolution, which had been reported from the Committee on the Judiciary and subsequently reported from the Committee on Rules and Administration.

Mr. ELLENDER. Mr. President, may I ask what has been done so far by the committee? During the last session of Congress the sum of \$46,500 was provided, and as I understand, \$10,000 of new funds is being asked for. What has been done by the committee up to this time?

Mr. WATKINS. Mr. President, the chairman of the committee, the Senator from North Dakota [Mr. LANGER] is not present at this time. I cannot give the details as to how the money has been spent. I know there are some very serious problems in connection with refugees.

Mr. ELLENDER. That situation was explained to the Senate last year, and that is what caused the committee, as well as the Senate, to agree to the sum of \$46,500. But, up to this moment, apparently, none of it has been spent except approximately \$10,000. I am wondering why, if the appropriation was so necessary, the funds have not been utilized to any extent thus far.

Mr. WATKINS. We have problems coming up in connection with refugees. There must be some leeway provided. The Senator from North Dakota [Mr. LANGER] is chairman of the committee, and I do not know what he has done.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the resolution.

Mr. ELLENDER. Mr. President, I wonder if the Chairman of the Committee on Rules and Administration was furnished with any kind of statement showing how the expenditures were made, what was accomplished, and why most of the money appropriated since that time was not spent last year.

Mr. JENNER. Mr. President the Senator from North Dakota [Mr. LANGER] appeared before our committee and made his explanation. I know the committee concluded it was a fair and reasonable explanation, and the resolution was reported unanimously for action.

Does the Senator from Arizona [Mr. HAYDEN] recall the explanation?

Mr. HAYDEN. Mr. President, I remember it was stated that so far as refugees were concerned, under the system which has been in effect many undesirable persons were coming into this country. The Governments of Canada, Australia, and some other nations sent their own representatives to Europe and selected the refugees they wanted, and they were highly pleased with the type of persons they obtained. The Senator from North Dakota [Mr. LANGER] said the matter had heretofore been turned over to some organization which was of a private nature, and that as a result a

very poor selection was made. He said it was his intention to see that we had our own inspectors handling our own business in our own way so that we could get the kind of persons who would make good American citizens.

Mr. ELLENDER. Is there not a safeguard provided through the commission appointed by the President?

Mr. HAYDEN. Evidently that commission scheme did not work very well. The Senator from North Dakota stated to our committee that there could be a very advantageous reform made in the way the persons were selected. He stated that there was great complaint, particularly from the State of New York, that some of the immigrants were feeble-minded and tubercular and should not have been permitted to enter this country.

Mr. ELLENDER. That same representation was no doubt made last year. I find it very strange that the money which was appropriated was not spent last year.

Mr. HAYDEN. The Senator from North Dakota stated that there is to be a reform and a change in the procedure and that this would be a wise expenditure.

Mr. KNOWLAND. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the report of the Committee on Rules and Administration on this resolution be printed at this point as a part of the RECORD.

There being no objection, the report (No. 870) was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

The Committee on Rules and Administration, to whom was referred the resolution (S. Res. 188) further extending the authority to investigate problems connected with emigration of refugees from western European nations, having considered same, report favorably thereon without amendment and recommend that the resolution be agreed to by the Senate.

The purposes and objectives of the inquiries called for by Senate Resolution 188 are set out in Senate Report No. 856, 83d Congress, 2d session, filed on January 18, 1954.

A budget submitted by the Committee on the Judiciary and approved by the Committee on Rules and Administration, together with a covering letter from the chairman of the Committee on the Judiciary follow:

UNITED STATES SENATE,
COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY,

January 21, 1954.

HON. WILLIAM E. JENNER,
Chairman, Committee on Rules and Administration, United States Senate, Washington, D. C.

DEAR SENATOR JENNER: Your attention is respectfully invited to the attached copy of Senate Resolution 188 and the report thereon, which resolution, as you know, was unanimously approved by the Committee on the Judiciary at its meeting held on January 18, 1954.

The resolution as approved would extend the operative life of the Escapee and Refugee Subcommittee until January 31, 1955, and would provide for an additional sum of \$10,000.

You will recall that on July 13, 1953, Senate Report 522 was filed in the Senate setting forth the results of a survey conducted by the Subcommittee on the Escapee and Refugee Problem. During the past session of the Congress further information has been compiled on this subject and following the adjournment of the 1st session, 83d Congress, a study was conducted on the problems confronting various consular offices in Europe

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and their administration and operation of the Refugee Relief Act of 1953. A report on this study is now under preparation.

There remain the continuing duty and necessity of maintaining a close surveillance over the escapee and refugee problem and the operation and administration of the Refugee Relief Act of 1953, which provides for the issuance of 209,000 special nonquota immigrant visas, which includes visas for

4,000 orphans and the adjustment of status to permanent residence of not to exceed 5,000 aliens who lawfully entered the United States.

Enclosed herewith is a copy of a proposed budget covering the period to January 31, 1955.

With kindest regards, I am

Sincerely,

WILLIAM LANGER, Chairman.

BUDGET

Proposed budget of the subcommittee of the Committee on the Judiciary to investigate problems connected with emigration of refugees from Western European nations, pursuant to S. Res. 188, for the period of Jan. 31, 1954, to Jan. 31, 1955, inclusive

STAFF

Position	Number	Base salary	Gross salary	Monthly salary	Total
Staff expense:					
Staff Director.....	1	\$7,320	\$11,646.00	\$970.50	\$11,646.00
Attorney.....	1	5,040	9,404.83	783.73	9,404.83
Consultant.....	1	5,040	9,404.83	783.73	9,404.83
Stenographer.....	1	3,120	5,525.75	460.47	5,525.75
Do.....	1	3,120	5,525.75	460.47	5,525.75
Total staff expense.....					41,507.16
Administrative expense: Travel, hearings, stationery, communications.....					3,206.06
Recapitulation:					
Total staff expense.....					\$41,507.10
Total administrative expense.....					3,206.06
					44,803.22
Approximate unexpended balance of S. Res. 68, Jan. 31, 1954.....					34,803.22
Fund requested in S. Res. 188.....					10,000.00
Total.....					44,803.22

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the resolution.

Mr. WATKINS. Mr. President, I do not want the record to stand as it is now. I am not contending with the Senator from North Dakota [Mr. LANGER] in respect to the need of selecting immigrants, but the act provides exactly how they shall be selected. A committee was established to take care of the selection of immigrants under both acts. This resolution has to do with refugees and does not have to do with the Immigration Act. I want to make that clear, because I am chairman of the Subcommittee on Immigration, and I would not want the impression to be created that the refugee committee has to take care of the selection of immigrants, because that is not the fact.

Mr. ELLENDER. How are the refugees selected?

Mr. WATKINS. The law provides exactly how they shall be selected. The emergency act and the regular immigration act take care of that.

Mr. ELLENDER. Does not the Senator feel that we are pretty well protected as it is?

Mr. WATKINS. So far as the immigrants are concerned, yes. But there is a problem independent of that which has been referred to by the Senator from Arizona [Mr. HAYDEN]. The question of how to take care of these refugees must be studied. Congress is appropriating millions of dollars for the care of refugees in Europe, through many agencies, and the Refugee Committee has a real job to study that situation. Incidentally, I was in Europe and studied some of the committee's problems. However, the charge was not made against this particular account. It could have been, but it was not. What the Senator from

North Dakota intends to do in connection with the further study of the problem I do not know.

Mr. ELLENDER. As a matter of fact, there has not been much study made of it up to this time, has there?

Mr. WATKINS. Not particularly by that committee. At least, the expenses were not charged against the committee. There has been a great deal of study made. I personally spent months on it.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the resolution.

The resolution was agreed to, as follows:

Resolved, That the limitation of expenditures under Senate Resolution 326, 82d Congress, 2d session, agreed to June 21, 1952, and Senate Resolution 68, 83d Congress, 1st session, agreed to April 22, 1953, relating to the authority of the Committee on the Judiciary, or any duly authorized subcommittee thereof, to conduct a thorough and complete study, survey, and investigation of the problems in certain Western European nations created by the flow of escapees and refugees from Communist tyranny is hereby increased by \$10,000 and such sum, together with any unexpended balances of the sums previously authorized to be expended under such resolution and Senate Resolution 68, agreed to April 22, 1953, shall be paid from the contingent fund of the Senate upon vouchers approved by the chairman of the committee covering obligations incurred under such resolutions or or before January 31, 1955.

INVESTIGATION OF JUVENILE DELINQUENCY IN THE UNITED STATES—RESOLUTION PASSED OVER

Mr. KNOWLAND. Mr. President, with reference to Calendar 870, Senate Resolution 190, providing for an investigation of juvenile delinquency in the United States, it was agreed to pass it over until tomorrow.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The resolution will be passed over.

EXTENSION OF TIME FOR STUDY OF PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Mr. KNOWLAND. Mr. President, I ask that the Senate proceed to the consideration of Calendar 871, Senate Resolution 192.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the consideration of the resolution?

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the resolution (S. Res. 192) extending the time for a study of public transportation serving the District of Columbia, which had been reported from the Committee on the District of Columbia without amendment, and subsequently reported from the Committee on Rules and Administration, with an amendment, in line 5, after the word "extended", to strike out "to May 1, 1954," and insert "from February 1, 1954, until April 30, 1954", so as to make the resolution read:

Resolved, That the time within which the Committee on the District of Columbia may complete the study and investigation of public transportation serving the District of Columbia, authorized by Senate Resolution 140, 83d Congress, agreed to July 28, 1953, hereby is extended from February 1, 1954, until April 30, 1954.

The amendment was agreed to.

The resolution, as amended, was agreed to.

MODIFICATION OF EXISTING INTERNATIONAL PEACE AND SECURITY ORGANIZATION

Mr. KNOWLAND. Mr. President, I ask that the Senate proceed to the consideration of Calendar 872, Senate Resolution 193.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will state the resolution by title.

The CHIEF CLERK. A resolution (S. Res. 193) amending Senate Resolution 128, 83d Congress, providing for a study of proposals to modify existing international peace and security organizations.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the immediate consideration of the resolution?

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the resolution (S. Res. 193) amending Senate Resolution 128, 83d Congress, providing for a study of proposals to modify existing international peace and security organizations, which had been reported from the Committee on Foreign Relations and subsequently reported from the Committee on Rules and Administration with an amendment, on page 1, line 10, after the word "date", to strike out "February 1, 1955" and insert "January 31, 1955", so as to make the resolution read:

Resolved, That (a) section 2 of Senate Resolution 126, 83d Congress, 1st session, agreed to on July 28, 1953 (authorizing a complete study of proposals to amend or otherwise modify existing international peace and security organizations, including the United Nations), is amended by striking out the date "January 31, 1954" and inserting in lieu thereof the date "February 1, 1955."

(b) Section 3 of such resolution is amended by striking out the date "February 1,

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1954" and inserting in lieu thereof the date "January 31, 1955."

(c) Section 3 of such resolution is further amended by striking out the figure "\$35,000" and inserting in lieu thereof the figure "\$75,000."

Mr. SMITH of New Jersey. Mr. President, as a member of the Committee on Foreign Relations, I desire to make a statement on this resolution.

The United Nations Charter is to be reviewed in 1955, and our committee has appointed a special subcommittee under the chairmanship of the Senator from Wisconsin [Mr. WILEY] to study the whole question of amendments to the United Nations Charter. That is one of our responsibilities, and it includes the Council and the entire waterfront. It is a very important investigation from the standpoint of our relations with the United Nations. The resolution calls for an increase in the appropriation from \$35,000 to \$75,000, which is more than the original estimate.

Mr. ELLENDER. Last year, as I understand, the amount provided by Congress was \$35,000. There remains a balance of \$23,000. Am I correct in understanding that new funds in the amount of \$40,000 are being sought, thereby making a total of \$63,000?

Mr. SMITH of New Jersey. I am advised that that is correct.

Mr. ELLENDER. What has been done up to now in regard to the studies?

Mr. SMITH of New Jersey. All I can say to the Senator is that the money was obtained very late last year, as I have just been informed. Hearings are starting now and a staff is being assembled to make a thorough investigation. I am not a member of the subcommittee; I am reporting for the chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations, the distinguished Member from Wisconsin [Mr. WILEY].

I may say that I believe this is an important subject for study.

Mr. ELLENDER. I understand that and am not questioning it. Does the Senator from New Jersey say that the study is to be made in anticipation of revising the United Nations Charter in 1955?

Mr. SMITH of New Jersey. The charter, which was adopted in 1945, is to be revised in 1955, and the United States will have a very important part in the revision. It is our intention not to leave a stone unturned to have a full investigation made of every activity of the United Nations. So I urge that the resolution be approved.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the amendment of the Committee on Rules and Administration.

The amendment was agreed to.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question now is on agreeing to the resolution, as amended.

The resolution, as amended, was agreed to.

ELECTION OF MEMBER OF THE SENATE TO JOINT COMMITTEE OF CONGRESS ON THE LIBRARY

Mr. KNOWLAND. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the consideration of Senate Resolution 198, Calendar No. 873.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the present consideration of the resolution?

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the resolution (S. Res. 198) electing a member on the part of the Senate to the Joint Committee of Congress on the Library.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the resolution.

Mr. JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. President, reserving the right to object, may we have an explanation of the resolution?

Mr. JENNER. Mr. President, the Senator from Connecticut [Mr. PURTELL], who was formerly a member of the Committee on Rules and Administration, left that committee to become a member of the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce. The junior Senator from Wisconsin [Mr. McCARTHY] has been named to fill the vacancy. In order to reorganize the Joint Committee of Congress on the Library, it is necessary that the junior Senator from Wisconsin be appointed, by resolution of the Senate,

to fill the position formerly held by the Senator from Connecticut [Mr. PURTELL].

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the present consideration of the resolution?

There being no objection, the resolution was considered and agreed to, as follows:

Resolved, That Mr. McCARTHY, of Wisconsin, be, and he is hereby, elected a member on the part of the Senate of the Joint Committee of Congress on the Library, vice Mr. PURTELL, of Connecticut.

PROGRAM FOR TOMORROW— RECESS

Mr. KNOWLAND. Mr. President, I wish to give notice to the Senate that tomorrow, after the usual morning hour, it is my purpose to call up Calendar 858, S. 2803, a bill to continue the effectiveness of the Missing Persons Act, as extended to July 1, 1955, about which I have already spoken to the distinguished minority leader, and which was reported unanimously by the Committee on Armed Services, as I understand.

Next, I propose to call up Calendar 859, Senate Resolution 172, a resolution to further increase the limit of expenditures under Senate Resolution 366, 81st Congress, relating to the internal security of the United States; and then Calendar 870, Senate Resolution 190, a resolution amending the resolution providing for an investigation of juvenile delinquency in the United States and increasing the limit of expenditures.

These measures I propose to call up following the morning hour, and before the Senate begins debate on the proposed Bricker amendment to the Constitution.

Now, Mr. President, if there is no further business to come before the Senate at this hour, I move that the Senate stand in recess until 12 o'clock noon tomorrow.

The motion was agreed to; and (at 6 o'clock and 53 minutes p. m.) the Senate took a recess until tomorrow, Wednesday, January 27, 1954, at 12 o'clock meridian.